Increasing the interest on Engineering education: the case of Spain

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Economy and Industry in Spain

Spanish Universitites

Universities, Industry and Society

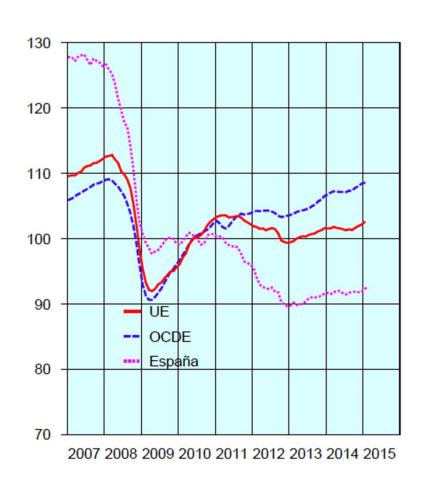
Some Conclusions

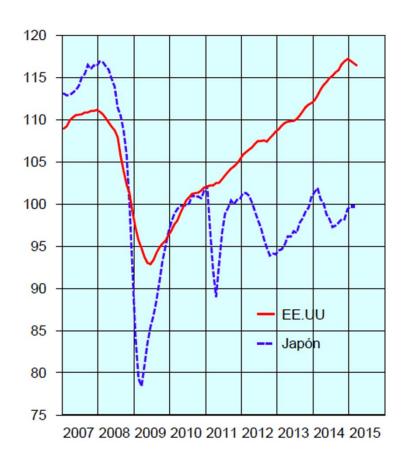


Economy and Industry in Spain



Industry production



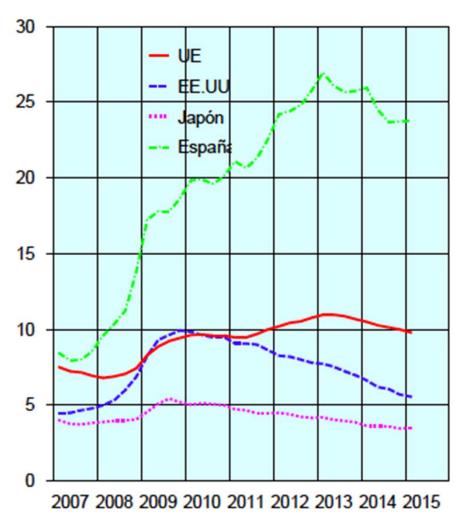




Jobs distribution in Spain

| | Agriculture | Industry | Construction | Services |
|------|-------------|----------|--------------|----------|
| 1970 | 29,3 | 25,3 | 8,9 | 36,5 |
| 1980 | 18,6 | 27,2 | 9,3 | 44,9 |
| 1990 | 11,5 | 23,7 | 9,9 | 55,0 |
| 2000 | 6,6 | 20,0 | 11,2 | 62,3 |
| 2005 | 5,3 | 17,3 | 12,4 | 65,0 |
| 2007 | 4,6 | 16,0 | 13,3 | 66,3 |
| 2009 | 4,2 | 14,4 | 9,7 | 71,7 |
| 2010 | 4,4 | 14,2 | 8,5 | 72,8 |
| 2011 | 4,5 | 14,2 | 7,2 | 74,1 |
| 2012 | 4,6 | 14,0 | 6,4 | 75,0 |
| 2013 | 4.7 | 13.6 | 5.8 | 75.9 |

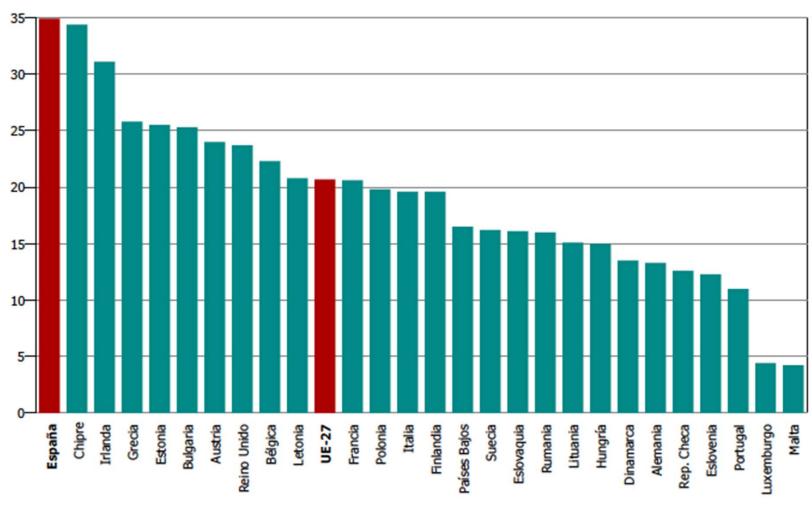




Unemployment rate

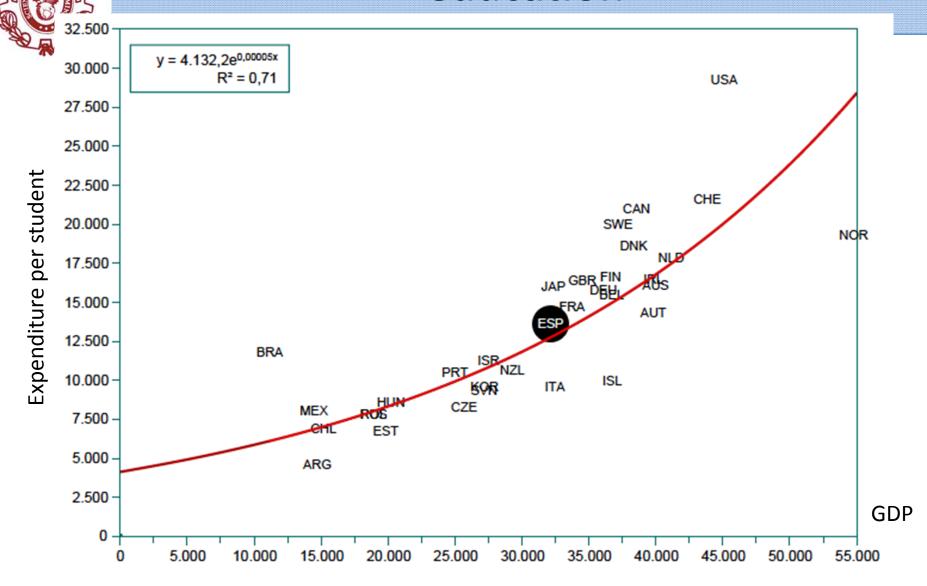


Over-qualified Engineers





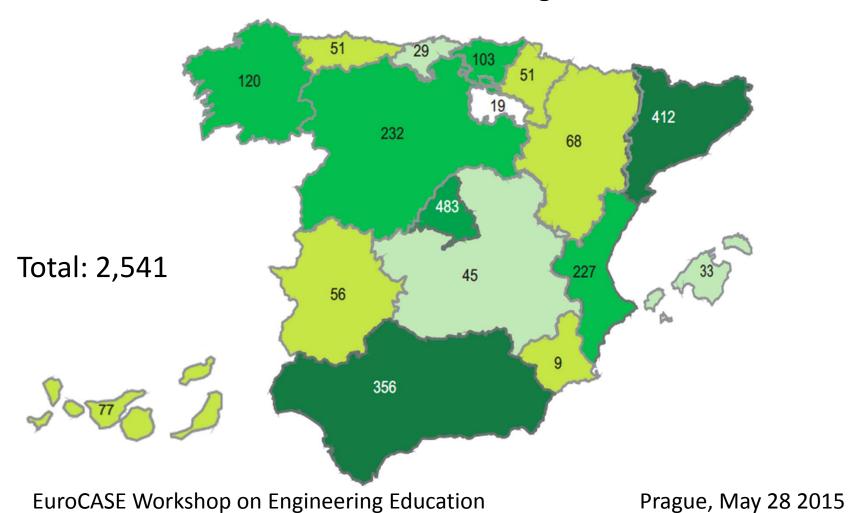
Universities in Spain



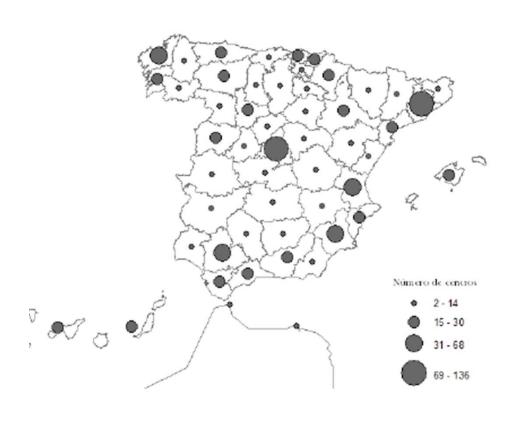
Prague, May 28 2015

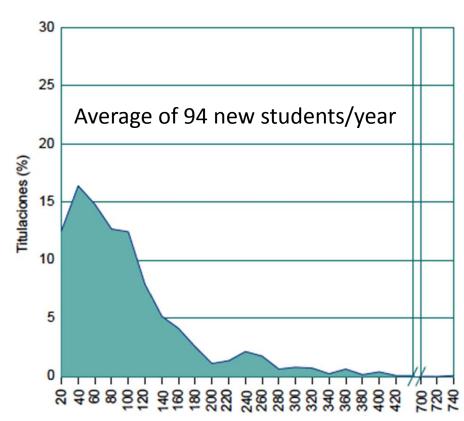


Number of Bachelor Degrees, 2012





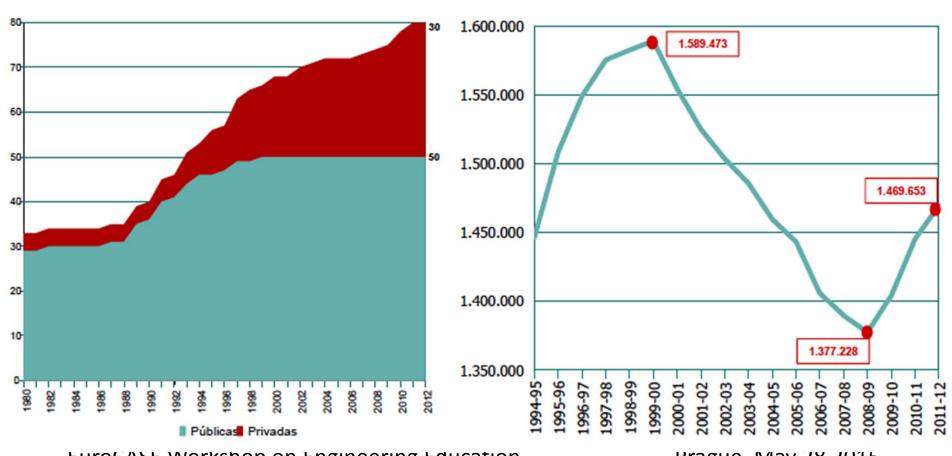






Number of Universities

Number of Students



EuroCASE Workshop on Engineering Education

Prague, May 28 2015



Universities in Spain

Reasonable budget but inefficient structure

Diversity is not considered

Technology transfer is usually too low

Too few changes and improvements during the last crisis

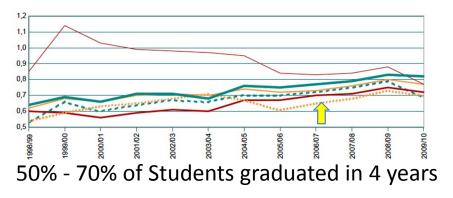
Not many real opportunities in industries



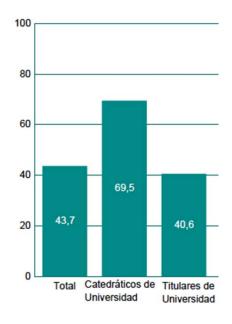
Lack of flexibility in Technical Universities



Low success rate: Students

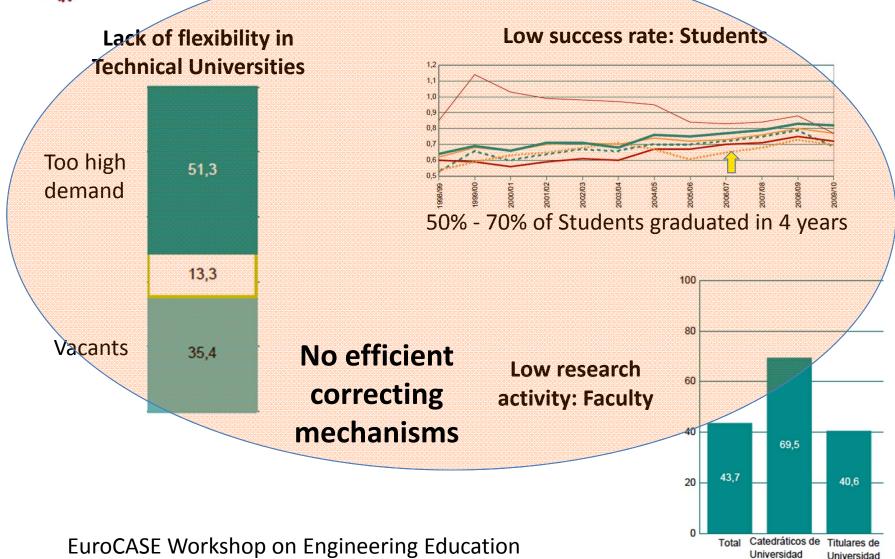


Low research activity: Faculty



EuroCASE Workshop on Engineering Education







A selective impulse towards International excellence is required

| Pais | Top 100 | Top 200 | Тор 300 |
|----------------|--------------|---------|---------|
| Estados Unidos | 53 | 85 | 109 |
| Reino Unido | 9 | 19 | 30 |
| Japón | 4 | 9 | 9 |
| Australia | 5 | 7 | 9 |
| Alemania | 4 | 14 | 24 |
| Canadá | 4 | 7 | 17 |
| Suiza | 4 | 6 | 7 |
| Francia | 3 | 8 | 13 |
| Suecia | 3 | 5 | 7 |
| Israel | 3 | 4 | 4 |
| Países Bajos | 2 | 8 | 10 |
| Dinamarca | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| Bélgica | 1 | 4 | 6 |
| Noruega | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Finlandia | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Rusia | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| China | _ | 7 | 15 |
| Italia | _ | 4 | 9 |
| Corea del Sur | _ | 1 | 4 |
| Austria | _ | 1 | 3 |
| Brasil | _ | 1 | 2 |
| Nueva Zelanda | _ | 1 | 2 |
| Singapur | _ | 1 | 2 |
| Argentina | _ | 1 | 1 |
| México | | 1 | 1 |
| España | 9 <u>—</u> 1 | _ | 3 |



Universities, Society and Industry



Eurobarometer, October 2014 Public Perception of Science, Research and Innovation

28 member states of the EU June 2014 27,910 responders

At least half of the respondents expect that, 15 years from now, science and technological development will have a positive impact on health and medical care (65%), education and skills (60%), transport and transport infrastructure (59%), energy supply (58%), protection of the environment (57%), fight against climate change (54%) and quality of housing (50%).



QB4 Have you ever studied science or technology at school, at university, at college or anywhere else?

| | | Yes, at school | Yes, at university or college | Yes, somewhere else | No | Don't know | Total 'Yes' |
|--------------------------|------|----------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|-----|------------|-------------|
| | EU28 | 44% | 16% | 3% | 43% | 1% | 56% |
| | EE | 61% | 30% | 7% | 21% | 1% | 78% |
| | PL | 70% | 15% | 3% | 21% | 3% | 76% |
| 4 > | UK | 60% | 22% | 2% | 28% | 1% | 71% |
| $\overline{\mathcal{E}}$ | CY | 55% | 20% | 9% | 31% | 0% | 69% |
| | HR | 50% | 15% | 12% | 29% | 2% | 68% |
| | FI | 48% | 15% | 5% | 35% | 0% | 64% |
| 0 | IT | 54% | 9% | 3% | 34% | 2% | 63% |
| 0 | FR | 50% | 15% | 4% | 37% | 0% | 62% |
| | SE | 32% | 33% | 5% | 37% | 0% | 62% |
| | ES | 50% | 19% | 3% | 39% | 0% | 61% |

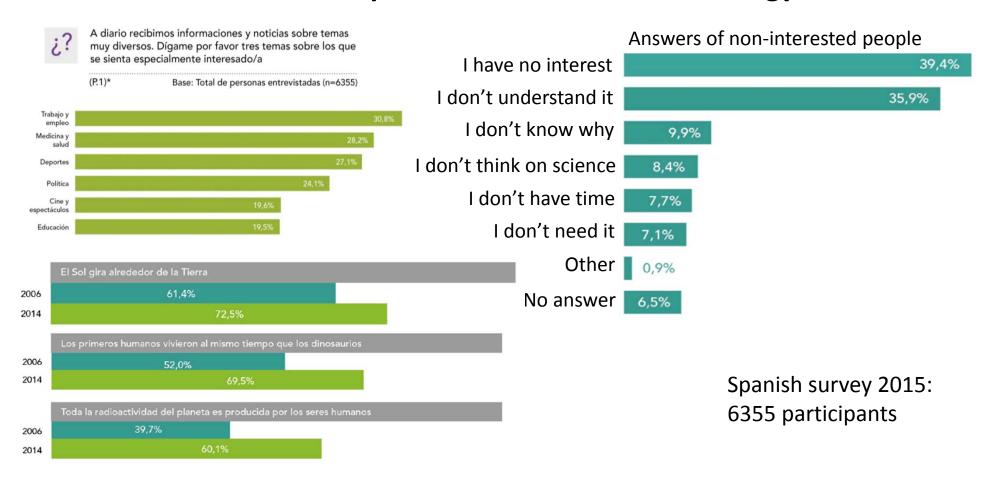


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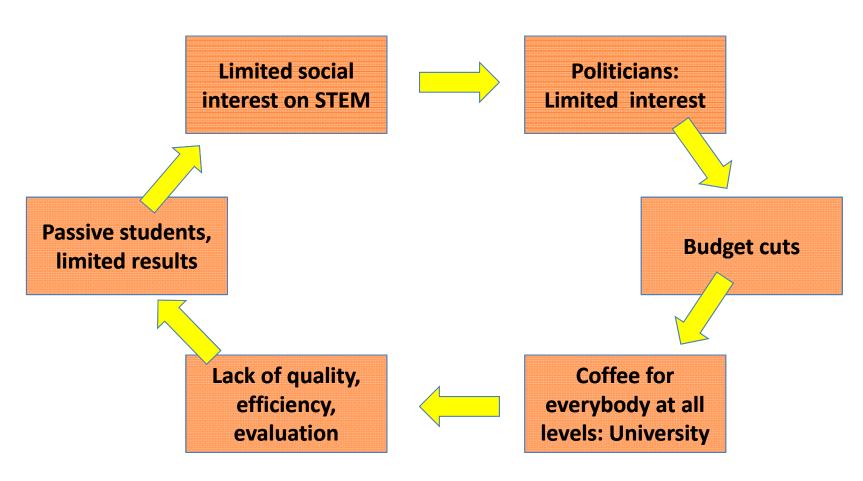
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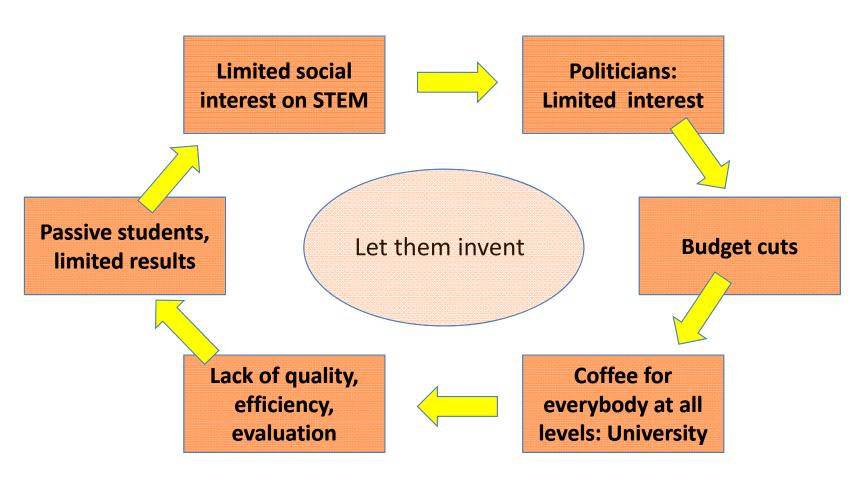
Public Perception of Science and Technology











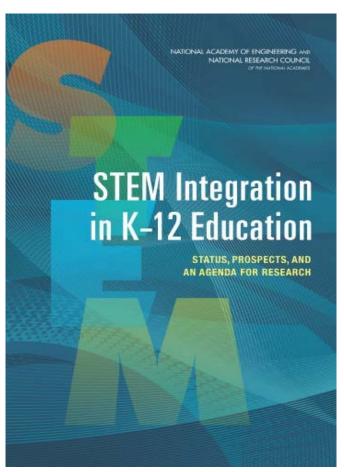


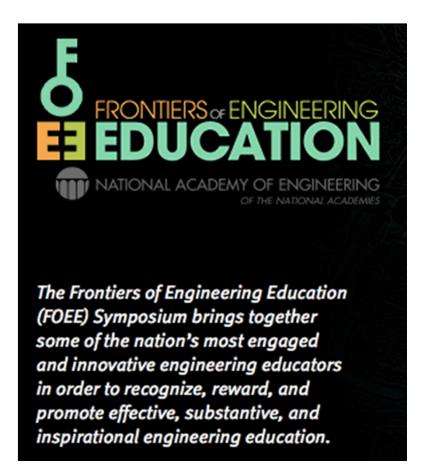
No profession unleashes the spirit of innovation like engineering. From research to real world applications, engineers constantly discover how to improve our lives by creating bold new solutions that connect science to life in unexpected, forward thinking ways. Few professions turn so many ideas in so many realities.

Few have such a direct and positive effect on people's everyday lives. We are counting on engineers and their imaginations to help us meet the needs of the 21st century.

NAE, Position Statement







NAE



Spanish Universities



Universities in Spain

The University system in Spain is still:

- Too rigid
- Difficulties to change, adapt and close
- Endogamic
- Based on quantity rather than quality
- Has little budget priorities: one size fits all
- Lacks evaluation and feedback



Some conclusions

Solutions adapted to cultures

- Social perception of STEM
- Face-to-face discussions and presentations
- European evaluation and feedback model

Education: Breadth and Depth

Theoretical basis + practice

Creative problem solvers + public presentation

Specific learning programmes for the best

Cooperation skills, skills for a dynamic world

Specific pre-University and social-oriented actions

International education

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